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Agrément Certificate  
**10/4789**  
Product Sheet 1

### ALUMAFLEX MULTIFOIL INSULATION

### ALUMAFLEX MULTILAYER INSULATION FOR PITCHED ROOF APPLICATIONS

#### PRODUCT SCOPE AND SUMMARY OF CERTIFICATE

This Certificate relates to Alumaflex Multilayer Insulation for Pitched Roof Applications, a reflective insulation material for use above and/or below rafters in slated or tiled roofs designed in accordance with BS 5534 : 2003 in new and existing domestic buildings.

#### AGRÉMENT CERTIFICATION INCLUDES:

- factors relating to compliance with Building Regulations where applicable
- factors relating to additional non-regulatory information where applicable
- independently verified technical specification
- assessment criteria and technical investigations
- design considerations
- installation guidance
- regular surveillance of production
- formal three-yearly review.



#### KEY FACTORS ASSESSED

**Thermal performance** — when combined with other types of insulation, the product can contribute to meeting the U value requirement for a roof (see section 5).

**Condensation risk** — the product has a high water vapour resistance in excess of 1200 MN·s·g<sup>-1</sup> (see section 6).

**Durability** — the durability of the product is satisfactory and will have a life equivalent to that of the structure in which (see section 10).

The BBA has awarded this Agrément Certificate to the company named above for the product described herein. The product has been assessed by the BBA as being fit for its intended use provided it is installed, used and maintained as set out in this Certificate.

On behalf of the British Board of Agrément

Simon Wroe  
Head of Approvals — Physics

Greg Cooper  
Chief Executive

Date of First issue: 10 December 2010

*Certificate amended on 05 July 2012 to show reflect changes in Thermal Performance section wording.*

*The BBA is a UKAS accredited certification body — Number 113. The schedule of the current scope of accreditation for product certification is available in pdf format via the UKAS link on the BBA website at [www.bbacerts.co.uk](http://www.bbacerts.co.uk)*

*Readers are advised to check the validity and latest issue number of this Agrément Certificate by either referring to the BBA website or contacting the BBA direct.*

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# Regulations

In the opinion of the BBA, Alumaflex Multilayer Insulation for Pitched Roof Applications, if used in accordance with the provisions of this Certificate, will meet or contribute to meeting the relevant requirements of the following Building Regulations:



## The Building Regulations 2010 (England and Wales)

Requirement:	C2(c)	Condensation
Comment:		The product can contribute to a roof meeting this Requirement. See sections 6.1 and 6.5 of this Certificate.
Requirement:	L1(a)(i)	Conservation of fuel and power
Comment:		The product can contribute to meeting this requirement. See sections 5.1 and 5.3 of this Certificate.
Requirement:	7	Materials and workmanship
Comment:		The product is acceptable. See section 10 and the <i>Installation</i> part of this Certificate.



## The Building (Scotland) Regulations 2004 (as amended)

Regulation:	8(1)	Fitness and durability of materials and workmanship
Comment:		The product can contribute to a construction satisfying this Regulation. See section 10 and the <i>Installation</i> part of this Certificate.
Regulation:	9	Building Standards – construction
Standard:	3.15	Condensation
Comment:		The product can contribute to satisfying this standard, with reference to clauses 3.15.1 <sup>(1)</sup> , 3.15.3 <sup>(1)</sup> to 3.15.5 <sup>(1)</sup> and 3.15.7 <sup>(1)</sup> . See sections 6.1 and 6.6 of this Certificate.
Standard:	6.1(b)	Carbon dioxide emissions
Standard:	6.2	Building insulation envelope
Comment:		The product can contribute to satisfying clauses, or parts of 6.1.1 <sup>(1)</sup> , 6.1.3 <sup>(1)</sup> , 6.1.6 <sup>(1)</sup> , 6.2.1 <sup>(1)</sup> , 6.2.3 <sup>(1)</sup> , 6.2.4 <sup>(1)</sup> , 6.2.6 <sup>(1)</sup> , 6.2.7 <sup>(1)</sup> , 6.2.9 <sup>(1)</sup> to 6.2.11 <sup>(1)</sup> and 6.2.13 <sup>(1)</sup> of these Standards. See sections 5.1 and 5.3 of this Certificate.
Regulation:	12	Building standards – conversions
Comment:		All comments given for this product under Regulation 9, also apply to this Regulation, with reference to clause 0.12.1 <sup>(1)</sup> and Schedule 6 <sup>(1)</sup> . (1) Technical Handbook (Domestic).



## The Building Regulations (Northern Ireland) 2000 (as amended)

Regulation:	B2	Fitness of materials and workmanship
Comment:		The product is acceptable. See section 10 and the <i>Installation</i> part of this Certificate.
Regulation:	C5	Condensation
Comment:		The product can contribute to a roof satisfying this Regulation. See section 6.1 of this Certificate.
Regulation:	F2(a)(i)	Conservation measures
Regulation:	F3(2)	Target carbon dioxide Emission Rate
Comment:		The product can contribute to meeting these Regulations. See sections 5.1 and 5.3 of this Certificate.

## Construction (Design and Management) Regulations 2007

## Construction (Design and Management) Regulations (Northern Ireland) 2007

In the opinion of the BBA, there is no information in this Certificate which relates to the obligations of the client, CDM co-ordinator, designer or contractors under these regulations.

# Non-regulatory Information

## NHBC Standards 2010

NHBC accepts the use of Alumaflex Multilayer Insulation for Pitched Roof Applications, when installed and used in accordance with this Certificate, in relation to *NHBC Standards*, Chapter 7.2 *Pitched roofs*, Design Standard 7.2, Clause D10-D11.

# Technical Specification

## 1 Description

1.1 Alumaflex Multilayer Insulation for Pitched Roof Applications is an insulation material comprising 14 layers where the outer layer is a PET (polyethylene terephthalate) fused to a PE (polyethylene) bubble layer which is then fused to a non-woven polypropylene backing. The core of the product consists of wadding, reflective foil and PE foam layers.

1.2 The product is available in rolls of 10 m in length, 1.2 m and 1.5 m in width and 30 mm thick.

1.3 Ancillary items<sup>(1)</sup> used with the product are:

- Alumaflex aluminium tape
- vapour control layer
- nails or staples minimum 14 mm length
- roof tile underlay
- pre-treated counter battens, softwood battens and tiling laths
- roofing slates or tiles
- additional insulation.

(1) Outside the scope of this Certificate.

## 2 Delivery and site handling

2.1 The product is delivered to site in rolls packed in a protective, branded bag, sealed with an end label.

2.2 The rolls should be stored in clean, dry conditions not exposed to sunlight. The product must be protected from being dropped or crushed by objects. Care must be exercised when storing large quantities on site. The product must not be exposed to open flame or other ignition sources and must be stored away from flammable material such as paint and solvents.

2.3 On site, to ensure maximum performance of the product when installed, precautions must be taken to protect it from mud and dirt.

## Assessment and Technical Investigations

The following is a summary of the assessment and technical investigations carried out on Alumaflex Multilayer Insulation for Pitched Roof Applications.

### Design Considerations

## 3 General

3.1 Alumaflex Multilayer Insulation for Pitched Roof Applications is a flexible insulation used in conjunction with other insulation materials to reduce the thermal transmittance (U value) in new or existing pitched roofs. When installed under the rafters, the product performs as a vapour control layer in the roof system (see section 6).

3.2 The product is for use in constructions where the ceiling follows the pitch of the roof and encloses a habitable space.


3.3 Care must be taken to ensure that the product is covered after installation, as it must not be exposed to rain, showers or wind-driven rain.

3.4 Care must be taken to ensure the product does not come into contact with heat sources greater than 80°C.

## 4 Practicability of installation

The product can be installed by a competent general builder, or a contractor, experienced with this type of product.

## 5 Thermal performance

 5.1 Calculations of thermal transmittance (U value) should be carried out in accordance with BS EN ISO 6946 : 2007 and BRE Report (BR 443 : 2006) *Conventions for U-value calculations* using the following values:

- 0.90 m<sup>2</sup>·K·W<sup>-1</sup> R value for Alumaflex Multilayer Insulation (30 mm thick) with no air spaces either side
- 0.05 outer surface emissivity
- 0.45<sup>(1)</sup> m<sup>2</sup>·K·W<sup>-1</sup> R value of an air cavity adjacent to the product ≥ 13 mm thick (upward heat flow)
- 0.00 m<sup>2</sup>·K·W<sup>-1</sup> R<sup>(2)</sup> value of product when compressed between battens
- 30%/70% percentage of multi-foil thickness in rafter and plasterboard-batten cavities, respectively, for roof applications
- 0%/100% percentage of multi-foil thickness in rafter and plasterboard-batten cavities, when rafter depth is fully filled with insulation.

(1) Unventilated cavity with a width and length at least 10 times the thickness and one high emissivity surface.

(2) For guidance on U value calculations refer to the BBA Information Bulletin No 3 *Reflective foil insulation — Conventions for U value calculations*.

5.2 The U value of a completed element will depend largely on the thickness and conductivity of the additional insulation used and the extent and arrangement of timber bridging. Example roof constructions are shown in Figure 1 and resulting U values in Table 1.

Figure 1 Example roof constructions

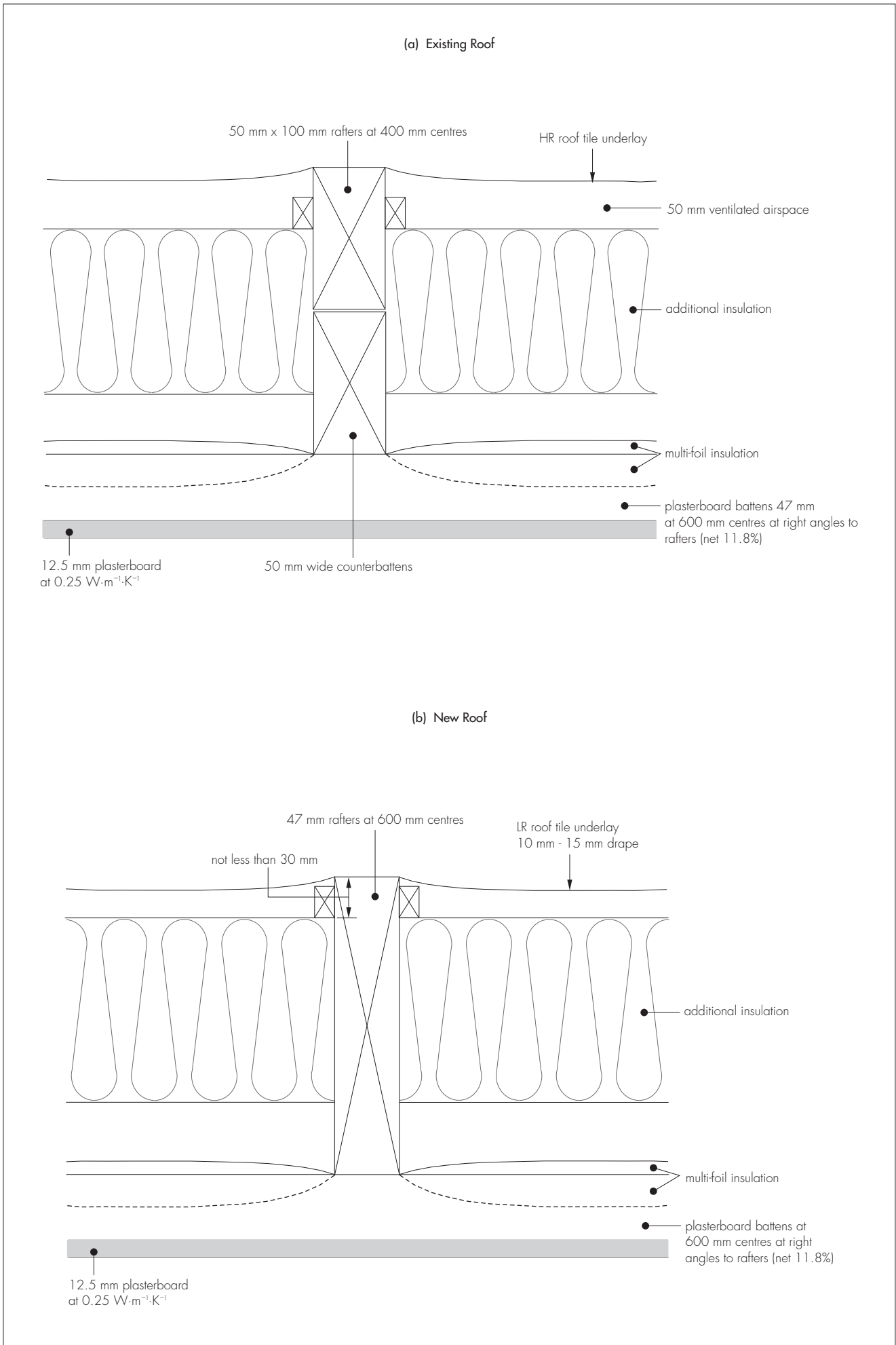


Table 1 U values for specific constructions

Construction	Total rafter depth (mm)	Batten depth (mm)	Additional insulation thickness <sup>(1)</sup> (mm)	U value $W \cdot m^{-2} \cdot K^{-1}$ <sup>(2)</sup>
Existing roof Figure 1(a)	200	38	115	0.18
New roof Figure 1(b)	200	38	145	0.14

(1) PUR Insulation (conductivity  $0.022 W \cdot m^{-1} \cdot K^{-1}$  and emissivity 0.2, thickness rounded to nearest 5 mm.

(2) Assumes  $\Delta U_g = 0$ , ie no gaps exceeding 5 mm width penetrating the insulation layer.



5.3 The product can contribute to maintaining continuity of thermal insulation at junctions between elements. For Accredited Construction Details the corresponding psi values in BRE Information Paper IP1/06 *Assessing the effects of thermal bridging at junctions and around openings*, Table 3 may be used in carbon emission calculations in Scotland and Northern Ireland. Detailed guidance for other junctions and on limiting heat loss by air infiltration can be found in:

**England and Wales** — Approved Documents to Part L and for new thermal elements to existing buildings, Accredited Construction Details (version 1.0). See also SAP 2009 Appendix K and the *iSBEM User Manual* for new-build

**Scotland** — Accredited Construction Details (Scotland).

**Northern Ireland** — Accredited Construction Details (version 1.0).

## 6 Condensation risk

### Interstitial condensation



6.1 Roofs incorporating the product will adequately limit the risk of interstitial condensation when designed and constructed in accordance with BS 5250 : 2002, Section 8.4 and Appendix D.

6.2 The risk of interstitial condensation is greatest when the building is drying out after construction. Guidance on preventing condensation from this and other sources is given in BRE Digest 369 : 1992 *Interstitial condensation and fabric degradation* and BRE Report (BR 262 : 2002) *Thermal insulation: avoiding risks*.

6.3 The product has a water vapour resistance in excess of  $1200 MN \cdot s \cdot g^{-1}$ . In all cases, where high vapour resistance roof tile underlays are used, ventilation to the air space should be in accordance with the recommendations of BS 5250 : 2002 or relevant BBA Certificate for the roof tile underlay. When installed in conjunction with other insulation materials, the water vapour resistance and installation instructions of the additional insulation should also be taken into consideration.

6.4 When using this type of product, due consideration must be taken of the overall installation to minimise perforations by services, eg light switches and power outlets and the joints at ceiling and skirting level must be well sealed.

### Surface condensation



6.5 Roofs will adequately limit the risk of surface condensation when the thermal transmittance (U value) does not exceed  $0.35 W \cdot m^{-2} \cdot K^{-1}$  at any point and the junctions with walls are designed in accordance with the relevant requirements of *Limiting thermal bridging and air leakage : Robust construction details for dwellings and similar buildings*, TSO 2002, or BRE Information Paper IP 1/06.



6.6 Roofs will adequately limit the risk of surface condensation when the thermal transmittance (U value) does not exceed  $1.2 W \cdot m^{-2} \cdot K^{-1}$  at any point and designed in accordance to BS 5250 : 2002, Section 8. Further guidance may be obtained from BRE Report (BR 262 : 2002).

## 7 Behaviour in relation to fire

7.1 The insulation must not be carried over junctions between roofs and walls required to provide a minimum period of fire resistance. The continuity of fire resistance must be maintained, for example as described in:

**England and Wales** — Approved Document B, Volume 1, sections 5.11 and 5.12

**Scotland** — Mandatory Standard 2.2, clause 2.2.10<sup>(1)</sup>

(1) Technical Handbook (Domestic).

**Northern Ireland** — Technical Booklet E, paragraph 3.21.

7.2 When installed with an internal lining board, eg 12.5 mm thick plasterboard, the insulation will be contained between the roof and internal lining board, until one is destroyed. Therefore, the insulation will not contribute to the development stages of a fire or present a smoke or toxic hazard.

7.3 The use of the product will not affect the fire rating obtained by tile or slated roofs when evaluated by assessment.

7.4 When installed with other additional insulation materials, the fire properties of these materials must be taken into consideration.

7.5 The product will melt and shrink away from heat, but will burn in the presence of a naked flame.

7.6 When the product is used unsupported, there is a risk that fire can spread if it is accidentally ignited during maintenance works, eg by a roofer's or plumber's torch. As with all types of underlay, care should be taken during building and maintenance to avoid the material becoming ignited.

## 8 Proximity of flues and appliances

When the product is installed in close proximity to certain flue pipes and/or heat-producing appliances, for buildings subject to national Building Regulations, the relevant provisions and guidance given below should be met:

**England and Wales** — Approved Document J, paragraph 2.15

**Scotland** — Mandatory Standard 3.19, clauses 3.19.1<sup>(1)</sup> and 3.19.4<sup>(1)</sup>

(1) Technical Handbook (Domestic).

**Northern Ireland** — Technical Booklet L, paragraph 2.9.

## 9 Maintenance

As the product is confined within a roof structure (see section 10), maintenance is not required.

## 10 Durability



The product will have a life equivalent to that of the roof structure in which it is incorporated.

# Installation

## 11 General

11.1 Installation of the product and additional insulation products should be in accordance with the Certificate holder's instructions and current good building practice.

11.2 During construction, care must be taken to ensure the product is not damaged during installation. Should damage occur by tearing, the product should be repaired by covering the holes with tape (see also section 12.14) or replaced.

11.3 The product is securely taped at overlaps and junctions with walls or windows. Alumaflex tape is recommended as a suitable tape. The product must always be taped together when surfaces are clean and dry.

11.4 The product must have overlap joints of at least 100 mm and be taped along the entire length of the joint with tape (see section 1.3).

11.5 When the product is cut to fit around openings, eg the roof perimeter, care should be taken to minimise gaps.

11.6 The product can be cut using a sharp knife or with textile scissors. Where it has been cut and the layers are exposed, the cut edge should be taped together.

11.7 Pieces which have been cut should be stapled and battened as soon as possible, and should not be left only partially secured overnight. Awkward shapes should be taped up, stapled and battened immediately.

## 12 Procedure

### Above rafters installation

12.1 Installation starts from eaves and the insulation is unrolled parallel to the eaves.

12.2 As the product is unrolled across the rafters they are fixed using nails or staples of at least 14 mm length.

12.3 The next roll must overlap the preceding layer by at least 100 mm, and the overlap should be sealed along the entire length using Alumaflex aluminium tape (see section 1.3).

12.4 The product should be permanently fixed in place using wooden battens parallel to the rafters, held in place with nails.

12.5 When the top layer has been battened, any excess material may be cut by running a sharp knife along the edge of the batten.

12.6 A breathable roofing membrane (ie roof tile underlay) should be installed on the counter battens and tiling battens attached perpendicular to the rafters.

12.7 Roof tiles or slates are installed in accordance with BS 5534 : 2003.

12.8 When applying roof tiles or slates to a warm roof construction the recommendations of the tile/slate manufacturer should be followed.

### Below rafters installation

12.9 Installation starts from the ridge with the product being unrolled parallel to the eaves.

12.10 As the product is unrolled across the rafters, they are fixed in place using tape, nails or staples of at least 14 mm depth.

12.11 The next roll must overlap the preceding layer by at least 100 mm, and the overlap should be sealed along the entire length using tape (see section 1.3).

12.12 The product should be permanently held in place using wooden battens fixed with nails. Battens may run either parallel or perpendicular to the rafters.

12.13 When the bottom layer has been battened, any excess material may be cut by running a sharp knife along the edge of the batten.

12.14 Any exposed cut edges of the product should be sealed with a suitable adhesive tape. Any tears or holes in the outer layer should be repaired with heat-reflective tape.

12.15 A plasterboard is fixed to the battens. The batten size should be at least 38 mm by 47 mm, with the fixings at either 150 mm spacing for nails or 230 mm for screws. This batten size should be sufficient to ensure a 20 mm air gap between the product and the plasterboard.

#### **Additional insulation**

12.16 When installing with other additional insulation materials, care should be taken to ensure that all cavities are maintained in accordance with the Certificate holder's instructions for their product.

12.17 When the product is installed below the rafters, mineral wool products can be placed directly on top of the product between the rafters without an air space. When the product is installed above the rafters, mineral wool can rest on the vapour control layer and plasterboard without an air space.

12.18 Rigid insulation can be placed with a gap above and below the insulation between rafters. Suitable fixings such as wooden battens nailed to the sides of the rafters or clips should be used in accordance with the manufacturer's instructions.

## Technical Investigations

### **13 Tests**

Tests were carried out on Alumaflex Multilayer Insulation for Pitched Roof Applications to determine:

- the emissivity
- durability of the outer foil
- thickness
- thermal resistance of the core material.

### **14 Investigations**

An assessment was made of data relating to:

- the thermal insulation properties
- condensation risk analysis
- U value calculations.

## Bibliography

BS 5250 : 2002 *Code of practice for control of condensation in buildings*

BS 5534 : 2003 *Code of practice for slating and tiling (including shingles)*

BS EN ISO 6946 : 2007 *Building components and building elements — Thermal resistance and thermal transmittance — Calculation method*

## 15 Conditions

15.1 This Certificate:

- relates only to the product/system that is named and described on the front page
- is granted only to the company, firm or person named on the front page — no other company, firm or person may hold or claim any entitlement to this Certificate
- is valid only within the UK
- has to be read, considered and used as a whole document — it may be misleading and will be incomplete to be selective
- is copyright of the BBA
- is subject to English law.

15.2 Publications and documents referred to in this Certificate are those that the BBA deems to be relevant at the date of issue or re-issue of this Certificate and include any: Act of Parliament; Statutory Instrument; Directive; Regulation; British, European or International Standard; Code of Practice; manufacturers' instructions; or any other publication or document similar or related to the aforementioned.

15.3 This Certificate will remain valid for an unlimited period provided that the product/system and the manufacture and/or fabrication including all related and relevant processes thereof:

- are maintained at or above the levels which have been assessed and found to be satisfactory by the BBA
- continue to be checked as and when deemed appropriate by the BBA under arrangements that it will determine
- are reviewed by the BBA as and when it considers appropriate.

15.4 In granting this Certificate, the BBA is not responsible for:

- the presence or absence of any patent, intellectual property or similar rights subsisting in the product/system or any other product/system
- the right of the Certificate holder to manufacture, supply, install, maintain or market the product/system
- individual installations of the product/system, including the nature, design, methods and workmanship of or related to the installation
- the actual works in which the product/system is installed, used and maintained, including the nature, design, methods and workmanship of such works.

15.5 Any information relating to the manufacture, supply, installation, use and maintenance of this product/system which is contained or referred to in this Certificate is the minimum required to be met when the product/system is manufactured, supplied, installed, used and maintained. It does not purport in any way to restate the requirements of the Health & Safety at Work etc Act 1974, or of any other statutory, common law or other duty which may exist at the date of this Certificate; nor is conformity with such information to be taken as satisfying the requirements of the 1974 Act or of any statutory, common law or other duty of care. In granting this Certificate, the BBA does not accept responsibility to any person or body for any loss or damage, including personal injury, arising as a direct or indirect result of the manufacture, supply, installation, use and maintenance of this product/system.